MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2024

Currency – Myanmar Kyat (In Thousands)

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MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED.

No. 262-264, Pyay Road, Dagon Centre (1), Block (A), 4th Floor, Sanchaung Township, Yangon, Myanmar. Tel: 95-1-503928, 503929, 514226 Fax: 95-1-516616



LIMITED

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

It is the responsibility of the management to prepare the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of **Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited** (the "Company") as at 31 March 2024 and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. In preparing these financial statements, the management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

The management is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company. We have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to us to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of Management

U Win Aung Chairman

Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited

21 June 2024

Room (2B/2C) 1st Floor, Rose Condominium, No. 182/194, Botahtaung Pagoda Road, Pazundaung Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar. Tel: 95-1-8201798, 8296164, Fax: 95-1-8245671 Email: info@winthinassociates.com

Ref: 193 / M-283 / March 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Myanmar Financial Reporting Standards (MFRSs) and the provisions of the Myanmar Companies Law (the "Law").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Myanmar, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters Revenue – Sale of buildings

Refer to Notes 2(O) and 20 of the financial statements.

Company's income from sales of buildings (shop house and medium wholesale) **MMK** was 19,413,691,000 which represents 79% of total revenue. The Company adopted accounting policies with two different options regarding recognition of revenue from sales of buildings (shop house and medium wholesale) depending on the type of buildings.

Based on the facts above, we considered this as a key audit matter.

Trade debtors

financial statements.

so consequently trade debtors balance increased accordingly and represents MMK 6,803,720,150 and that is 24% of total current assets. Credit terms with the customers are on an installment basis.

Based on the facts above, we considered this as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

Our audit procedures to assess the revenue recognized for sales of buildings, amongst other, included the followings:

During the financial year, the Carried out analytical procedures to review the significant items, or those which are otherwise unusual.

> Reviewed that the accounting policies adopted for the recognition and measurement of revenue comply with MFRSs.

> Evaluated the Company's procedures for determining the percentage of completion, including the reliability of cost and revenue estimates, progress measurements, and the recognition of variations and change orders.

> Reviewed the Company's accounting policies, disclosures, and internal controls related to contracts to ensure compliance with MFRSs.

Reviewed the contracts with buyers to make sure that those were executed properly.

Checked that cost incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Checked that the stage of completion was reliably measured.

Recalculated the revenue amount recognized in the financial statements.

Considered the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements in terms of MFRSs.

Refer to Notes 2(H) and 10 of the Our audit procedures to assess the trade debtors, amongst other, included the followings:

During the financial year, sales of Carried out analytical procedures to review the significant buildings increased significantly and items, or those which are otherwise unusual.

> Reviewed the contracts with customers to ensure that the Company owns, or has legal rights to, all the receivables recorded in the general ledger at the end of the reporting period.

> Checked that all credit sale transactions occurred on or before period end and are correctly recorded in the general ledger.

> Reviewed that the adequate allowance for impairment was made for doubtful receivables.

> We obtained confirmations from the Company's customers with our direct control to verify the existence of balances at year end.

> Considered the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements in terms of MFRSs.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with MFRSs and the provisions of the Law, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the provisions of the Law, we also report that:

we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required and

AUDITORS

(ii) financial records have been maintained by the Company as required by Section 258 of the Law.

Nay Min Thant (PAPP - 466)

Engagement Partner

Pod Aublic Acco WIN THIN & ASSOCIATES LTD

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Registration No. ACC 008

21 June 2024

MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Note	2024	2023
ASSETS		MMK'000	MMK'000
ABBILIB			
Non-current assets			345
Investment properties	6	11,564,730	11,819,141
Property, plant and equipment	7	17,203,390	12,171,085
Intangible asset	8	19,400	46,262
		28,787,520	24,036,488
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	2,552,432	3,255,896
Trade and other receivables	10	7,122,052	1,823,568
Advances and prepayments	11	2,707,896	1,582,850
Inventories	12	79,913	2,052,349
Work-in-progress	13	16,104,329	3,796,269
Deferred tax asset	14(b)	71,616	33,400
		28,638,238	12,544,332
	•	57,425,758	36,580,820
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	15	24,999,130	21,753,001
Advance receive for right issue			1,559,002
Retained earnings		5,788,578	2,896,676
		30,787,708	26,208,679
Non-current liabilities	:•		
Borrowing	16	4,638,592	2,500,000
	0.0		
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	17	5,925,623	1,578,156
Deposit and advances	18	8,326,783	243,000
Provisions	19	3,658,392	1,962,325
Accrued expenses	20	4,088,660	4,088,660
		21,999,458	7,872,141
		57,425,758	36,580,820
w:			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

Authenticated by:

Win Aung
Chairman
Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Limited

1

Director

Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Limited

(2)

Director

Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Limited

(4)

Aur g Gy i
Chief Executive Officer
Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Limited

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MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		MMK'000	MMK'000
Revenue - net	21	24,395,753	17,960,424
Cost of sales	23	(12,020,684)	(11,684,317)
Gross profit		12,375,069	6,276,107
Other income	22	261,675	271,590
Expenses			
- General and administrative	23	(2,805,958)	(1,912,421)
- Marketing	23	(125,233)	(18,945)
- Finance	23	(475,838)	(10,709)
		9,229,715	4,605,622
Share of profit to YCDC	19	(2,309,013)	(1,159,801)
Profit before income tax		6,920,702	3,445,821
Income tax expense	14(a)	(1,172,207)	(758,081)
Profit for the year		5,748,495	2,687,740
Other comprehensive income for the year			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total comprehensive income for the year	s	5,748,495	2,687,740
Earnings per share (Kyat per share)			
Basic earnings per share	26	241	124
Diluted earnings per share	26	245	124

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Share capital	Advance receive for right issue	Retained earnings	Total
	MMK'000	MMK'000	MMK'000	MMK'000
At 1 April 2023	21,753,001	1,559,002	2,896,676	26,208,679
Addition during the year	1,687,127		s 	1,687,127
Transfer from/(to)	1,559,002	(1,559,002)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	():
Profit for the year		_	5,748,495	5,748,495
Other comprehensive income for the year	T		A 	
Total comprehensive income for the year	24,999,130		8,645,171	33,644,301
Issue of shares			D	
Dividend (Note 24)		-	(2,856,593)	(2,856,593)
			(2,856,593)	(2,856,593)
At 31 March 2024	24,999,130		5,788,578	30,787,708
At 1 April 2022	21,753,001	-	2,805,839	24,558,840
Advance receive for right issue	-	1,559,002	-	1,559,002
Profit for the year	_	S 	2,687,740	2,687,740
Other comprehensive income for the year	=			
Total comprehensive income for the year	21,753,001	1,559,002	5,493,579	28,805,582
Contribution from and distributions to owners				
Issue of shares				
Dividend (Note 24)			(2,596,903)	(2,596,903)
	-		(2,596,903)	(2,596,903)
At 31 March 2023	21,753,001	1,559,002	2,896,676	26,208,679

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Cash flows from operating activities MMK'000 MMK'000 Profit before tax 6,920,702 3,445,821 Adjustments for:
Profit before tax 6,920,702 3,445,821 Adjustments for: - Depreciation and amortization 1,002,553 758,286 - Interest income (121,647) (100,109) - Gain on disposal of fixed assets (1,617) - Operating profit before working capital changes 7,799,991 4,103,998 Changes in working capital (5,298,484) 46,457 - Advances and prepayments (428,815) (208,334) - Inventories 1,972,436 (1,632,398) - Work-in-progress (12,308,060) 208,493 - Trade and other payables 4,283,586 (5,000,764) - Deposit and advance 8,083,782 - - Provisions 1,239,413 649,607 - Accrued expenses - 4,088,660 Cash generated from operation 5,343,849 2,255,719 Interest received 121,647 100,109 Income taxes paid (1,450,000) (520,617) Net cash provided by operating activities 2,325 - Sale procee
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Interest income
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Cash flows from financing activities
Proceed from advance receive for right issue 1,687,127 1,559,002
Proceed from borrowing 2,500,000 2,500,000
Repayment of borrowing (361,408)
Dividend paid to shareholders (2,778,238) (2,575,987)
Net cash provided by financing activities1,047,481 1,483,015
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (703,464) 149,160
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 3,255,896 3,106,736
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 9 2,552,432 3,255,896

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as a public company in the Republic of the Union of Myanmar under The Myanmar Companies Law on September 14, 2015. The Company's registration certificate issued by the Ministry of National Planning and Economic Development was 1789/2015-2016 dated 14 September 2015. As per certificate of registration number 112387595, the Company has been re-registered with the new Myanmar Companies Law.

The Company was established by eleven promoters for the purpose of developing and managing Danyingone Wholesale Market. Danyingone Wholesale Market is located at the Corner of Shwe Pyi Thar Bridge Road and Palae Road in Insein Township. In early 2015, Dagon International Limited (DIL) participates in submitting the tender for construction and management of Danyingone Wholesale Market along with other bidders. DIL was awarded the tender on 31 March 2015 by Yangon Regional Government and Yangon City Development Committee (YCDC). One of the tender conditions and commitments given by DIL was that the project will be carried out through a project company which is a public company in nature and will hold 45% interest in such Public company as a promoter/founder, hence the creation of Myanmar Agro Exchange Public Company Limited. After incorporation, DIL was appointed as the main construction contractor for the Danyingone Wholesale Market construction to meet the tender condition clause 5(a), 16 of Yangon Regional Government.

The Company has leased a plot of land of 82.78 acres from Yangon Region Government, YCDC, for 50 years initially with an extended period of 20 years for constructing of Danyingone Wholesale Market. After the completion of the main market building, the Wholesale Market shall be opened and the Company will manage the overall administration of the Market according to the terms of the land lease agreement.

The registered office of the Company is No. 262-264, Pyay Road, Dagon Centre, Block (A), 4th Floor, Myaynigone, Sanchaung Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar.

The Company obtained permit from Myanmar Investment Commission on 25 June 2018 and accordingly entitled to receive income tax exemption starting by that date and it was expired on June 2021.

The Company has been approved to be listed with the Yangon Stock Exchange (Main Board) on 12 June 2023. The listing date of the Company was 3 July 2023. After that, the Company needs to pay corporate income tax of 17% only.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies which have been applied consistently throughout the financial years are summarized below:

A Basis of preparation

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Myanmar Financial Reporting Standards (MFRSs) and have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

B Foreign currency translation

(1) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Kyat, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

(2) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

C Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental and/or capital appreciation (or both). Investment properties are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method of investment properties are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are included in profit or loss when the changes arise.

The cost of major renovations and improvements is capitalized and the carrying amounts of the replaced components are recognized in profit or loss. The cost of maintenance, repair and minor improvements is recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using a straight-line method to allocate the depreciable amounts over the estimated useful lives of fifty years.

On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.

D Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes the cost of replacing part of property, plant and equipment. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Company recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the property. plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line methods to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Useful lives (years)
Furniture and fittings	3
Office equipment	2 - 3
Motor vehicle	5
MPT phone line	5
Office building	45.25
Car parking control system	3
Steel lamp & accessories	5
Modular House	3
Site equipment	3
Solar Power System	16
Development cost	50

E Intangible asset

An item of intangible asset is stated at cost less any amortization and allowance for value (if any) except for goodwill which is considered to have an indefinite life.

The amortization method is on the straight-line basis.

	Estimated useful lives
Market operation system	3 years
E commerce system	3 years

F Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits with various local banks.

G Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of finished goods and work-in-progress comprise raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity) and borrowing costs. Cost also includes any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of inventories. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

H Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

I Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax is calculated by applying income tax on deductible temporary difference, arrived at upon deducting the currying value from tax base amount of property, plant and equipment and investment properties.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax relate to the same fiscal authority.

J Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). Otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

K Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

L Share capital

Ordinary Shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

M Dividends

Dividends to the Company's shareholders are recognized when they become legally payable.

N Income taxes

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

O Revenue

The recognition of revenue is as follows:

- (i) For the sale of Shop Houses, revenue is recognized when the construction is 80% and above completed or more than 80% of the sales value has been received from the buyer.
- (ii) For the medium-sized wholesale units, revenue is recognized using the percentage of completion method.
- (iii) For the rest, revenue is recorded on an accrual basis. Sales comprise the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and rendering of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

P Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

3. Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with MFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses) assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of each reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future periods.

4. Financial risk management

The Company's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Company's business whilst managing its risks. The main areas of financial risks faced by the Company and the policy in respect of these risks are set out as follows:

(a) Foreign exchange risk

There is no foreign exchange risk during the reporting period. The Company had minimized the foreign currency balance in bank to avoid from unexpected losses for the foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

(b) Credit risk

There are carrying amount of bank deposits, other receivables, prepayment and deposits included in the financial statements of the company. However, the Company had made necessary arrangement by laying down policy so that risk is at a minimum.

(c) Market risk

The Company is operating in Yangon and there is no impact of movement in foreign market risk.

(d) Liquidity and cash flow risks

The Company monitors and maintains a level of bank balances deemed adequate by the directors to finance the operation and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flow.

5. Capital management

The Company's capital management major objective is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and working capital ratios to support its business developments and maximize shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structures and ensures that it meets its financial obligations as they fall due.

6. Investment properties

Cost	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Balance at beginning of the year Additions Reclassification Balance at end of the year Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses Balance at beginning of the year Depreciation for the year	13,002,175 21,197 ————————————————————————————————————	11,885,865 936,512 179,798 13,002,175
Balance at end of the year	275,608 1,458,642	258,805 1,183,034
Net book value	11,564,730	11,819,141

Investment properties are rented to non-related parties.

Bank borrowing is secured on investment properties (buildings) of the Company (Note 16).

The following amounts are recognized in the income statement:

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Rental income (Note 21) Direct operating expense assigning from:	5,495,329	4,783,277
 investment properties that generate rental income (Note 23) investment properties that do not generate rental income 	427,332	347,049

The term of the contract between the Company and YCDC is fifty years, first extension period is ten years and second is ten years, and the buildings are to be transferred to YCDC at the expired date. Therefore, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization.

MYANMAR AGRO EXCHANGE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

7. Property, plant and equipment

Total	MMK'000	13,880,872	(14,473)	13,866,399	2,743,009	(11,614)	19,600,654		1,709,787	698,383	(10,906)	2,397,264	17 203 300	0006007617		11,828,116	2,232,554	(179,798)	13,880,872		1,240,746	469,041	1,709,787	12,171,085
Development cost*	MMK'000	11,809,837	(14,473)	11,795,364	1,507,000		13,385,247		866,487	15/6/7	ı	1,146,224	12,239,023			10,787,728	1,201,907	(179,798)	11,809,837		057,168	616,677	800,487	10,943,350
Solar Power System	MMK'000	1	I	304.983	20/61.00	1 000 100	204,983		0 403	7,400	I	9,483	295.500			1	1	1	1		Ī		1	1
Site equipment	MMK'000	911,855	1 200	351.979	(11,614)	1 757 220	1,452,420	641 000	202 405	(10,000	(10,900)	832,499	419,721			743,999	167,856		911,855	181 107	156,427	641 000	041,000	270,855
Modular	MMK'000	24,332	1 000	17,700		42 032	700671	2 110	10,275	0 1 160 1	1	12,394	29,638			1 00	74,337	1 000 70	755,47		2 119	2 110	7,117	22,213
Steel lamp	accessories MMK'000	14,617	14617	11,982	ı	26.599	17060-	543	3.950		1 707	4,493	22,106			17771	14,017	11 617	14,017	1	543	543	3	14,074
Car parking control	system MMK'000	228,818	279 910	62,647	I	291.465		22,394	79,788		107 107	701,201	189,283			778 919	010,077	728 818	010,077	1	22,394	22,394		206,424
Office building	MMK'000	260,000	260 000	2,761	1	562,761		6,189	12,412	1	18 601	100,01	544,160			260 000	000,000	560 000	200,000	1	6,189	6,189		553,811
MPT	Ime MMK'000	26,718	26.718	360	Ĺ	27,078		26,718	54	I	CLL 9C	711607	306		26 718	17,07	1	26 718	27,622	24,047	2,671	26,718		Ĩ
Motor vehicle	MMK'000	185,311	185,311	166,771	I	352,082		65,337	31,993	1	97.330	2006.7	254,752		185 311	1	Ī	185.311		33,344	31,993	65,337		119,974
Office equipment	MMK'000	88,293	88,293	494,959	I	583,252		59,558	45,735	1	105.293		477,959		64.058	24,235		88,293		46,867	12,691	59,558		28,735
Furniture and fittings	MMK'000	31,091	31,091	87,313	1	118,404	irment losse	19,442	22,551	I	41,993		76,411		20,302	10,789	I	31,091	irment losses	14,823	4,619	19,442		11,649
Land	MMK'000	1 1	I	2,654,531	1	2,654,531	ation and impa	1	1	1	1		2,654,531		ĺ	Ì	1	1	ation and impa	1	1	1		1
	Cost	At 1 April 2023 Adjustment	At 1 April 2023	Additions	A 1 2 1 3 6 1 000 1	At 51 March 2024	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	At 1 April 2023	Depreciation	Disposal	At 31 March 2024	Net book value	At 31 March 2024	Cost	At 1 April 2022	Additions	Reclassification	At 31 March 2023	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses	At 1 April 2022	Depreciation	At 51 March 2023	Net book value	At 51 March 2023

^{*} Development cost included cost of shop house which was transferred to YCDC during 2019-2020 financial year.

8. Intangible asset

	Market operation	E commerce	Total
	system	system	
	MMK'000	MMK'000	MMK'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2023	113,718	3,139	116,857
Additions	1,700		1,700
At 31 March 2024	115,418	3,139	118,557
Accumulated amortization and			
impairment losses			
At 1 April 2023	67,826	2,769	70,595
Amortization	28,192	370	28,562
At 31 March 2024	96,018	3,139	99,157
Net book value			
At 31 March 2024	19,400		19,400
Cost	112 710	2 120	116 057
At 1 April 2022	113,718	3,139	116,857
Additions	110.710	2 120	116 057
At 31 March 2023	113,718	3,139	116,857
Accumulated amortization and			
impairment losses		1 700	40 155
At 1 April 2022	38,433	1,722	40,155
Amortization	29,393	1,047	30,440
At 31 March 2023	67,826	2,769	70,595
Net book value			
At 31 March 2023	45,892	370	46,262

9. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Cash in hand Cash at banks*	293,922 2,258,510	176,966 3,078,930
Cash at banks	2,552,432	3,255,896

^{*} Cash at banks include bank guarantee amounting to MMK 150,000,000 at United Amara Bank (2023: MMK 150,000,000 at United Amara Bank).

10. Trade and other receivables

	Trade receivables	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
	- Related parties {Note 27 (a)} - Non related parties Other receivables	7,027,767	91,337 1,714,454
	Related parties {Note 27 (b)}Non related partiesAccrued interest income	4,445 81,035 8,805	2,908 8,290 6,579
		7,122,052	1,823,568
11.	Advances and prepayments		
		2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
	Prepayments Other advances & project cost Advance income tax Advance commercial tax	18,451 868,049 1,221,245 600,151	20,703 563,681 525,013 473,453
		2,707,896	1,582,850
12.	Inventories		
		2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
	Shop house Consumable inventories	79,913	1,957,051 95,298
		79,913	2,052,349
13.	Work-in-progress		
		2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
	Infrastructure and others Construction contract {Note 27 (a & b)} Advance steel structure	4,366,813 11,735,516	1,062,485 1,838,284
	- Related parties {Note 27 (a)} - Non related parties	2,000	895,500
		16,104,329	3,796,269

14. Income taxes

(a)	Income tax expense		
` '		2024	2023
		MMK'000	MMK'000
	Tax provision for the year	1,214,735	791,481
	Adjustments in respect of prior year	(4,312)	
			(0.0.400)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax {Note 14(b)}

Deferred tax assets, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown on the financial position as follows:

(33,400)

758,081

(38,216)

1,172,207

position as follows:	Investment	Property, plant and equipment	Total
	MMK'000	MMK'000	MMK'000
Balance at 1 April 2023		33,400	33,400
(Charge)/credit to profit or loss		38,216	38,216
Balance at 31 March 2024	Σ 9	71,616	71,616
Balance at 31 March 2023		33,400	33,400

15. Share capital

	Number of shares	MMK'000
At 1 April 2023 Additions	21,640,860 2,164,086	21,753,001 3,246,129
At 31 March 2024	23,804,946	24,999,130
At 1 April 2022 Additions	21,640,860	21,753,001
At 31 March 2023	21,640,860	21,753,001

Additional shares were allotted on 5 June 2023. Yangon Stock Exchange permitted the Company to be a listed company on 3 July 2023. The market price of the share as at 29.3.2024 was Kyat 1,800 per share.

16.	Born	rowing

J. Duriumig	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Beginning of the financial year Borrowing during the year Repayment during the year	2,500,000 2,500,000 (361,408)	2,500,000
End of the financial year	4,638,592	2,500,000

16. Borrowing (continued)

During the financial year, an additional loan of kyat 2,500,000,000 was acquired. The loan shall be used for working capital requirements and the amount shall be classified as non-current liabilities. The loan has been fully secured by investment property (Building). Interest 10% p.a. shall be calculated on the outstanding balance and shall be recognized as expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. The loan agreement has been entered into on 20 January 2023 and the repayment period is until 5 November 2026. (2023: MMK 2,500,000,000) (Note 6)

17. Trade and other payables

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Trade payables		
- Related parties {Note 27 (a)} Other payables	3,962,459	656,357
- Related parties {Note 27 (c)}	9,600	3,000
- Non-related parties	1,690,006	733,596
Dividend payables	263,558	185,203
	5,925,623	1,578,156

18. Deposit and advances

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Deposit Advances from contract with customer	854,933	
- Related parties {Note 27 (a)}	226,550	
- Non-related parties	7,245,300	243,000
	8,326,783	243,000

19. Provisions/Share of profit to YCDC

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Provision for commercial tax Provision for income tax Provision for YCDC *	101,244 1,248,135 2,309,013	11,043 791,481 1,159,801
	3,658,392	1,962,325

^{*} Provision is made in accordance with the agreement between the Company and YCDC which describes that YCDC is entitled to receive 25% of net profit before income tax from rents and sales of the remaining 80% of shop houses.

19. Provisions/Share of profit to YCDC (continued)

The details are as follows:

	2024	2023
Revenue - net	MMK'000	MMK'000
Sale of shop house	18,848,244	8,956,252
Rental income	5,312,055	4,619,576
Right of self-construction SH	_	4,333,333
Cost of sales	(11,808,410)	(11,634,557)
Gross profit	12,351,889	6,274,604
Other income	261,645	271,590
Expenses		
- General and administrative	(2,777,605)	(1,878,551)
- Marketing	(124,040)	(17,730)
- Finance	(475,838)	(10,709)
Net profit before income tax *	9,236,051	4,639,204
Share of YCDC (25%)	2,309,013	1,159,801

^{*} Net profit before income tax excludes revenue, cost of sales and related expenses from online sales of meat, fish and vegetables which are shown in details as follows:

	2024	2023
	MMK'000	MMK'000
Revenue-net		
Income from e-commerce (Note 21)	235,454	51,263
Cost of sales	(212,274)	(49,760)
Gross profit	23,180	1,503
Other income	30	
Expenses		
- General and administrative	(28,352)	(33,869)
- Marketing	(1,193)	(1,215)
- Finance		
Net loss	(6,335)	(33,581)

20. Accrued expenses

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Accrued construction cost Accrued infrastructure cost Accrued earth and sand filling	3,523,334 365,326 200,000	3,523,334 365,326 200,000
	4,088,660	4,088,660

21. Revenue - net

		2024	2023
		MMK'000	MMK'000
	Revenue		
	Sale of shop house and medium wholesale	10.001.411	0.004.040
	- Non related parties	18,934,641	9,224,940
	- Related parties {Note 27 (a)}	479,050	
		19,413,691	9,224,940
	Less: Commercial tax (3%)	(565,447)	(268,687)
		18,848,244	8,956,253
	Right of self-construction SH	_	4,550,000
	Less: Commercial tax (5%)	_	(216,667)
	Loss. Commercial tan (670)		4,333,333
		E 40E 220	4 792 277
	Rental income (Note 6)	5,495,329	4,783,277
	Less: Commercial tax (5%)	(183,274)	(163,702)
		5,312,055	4,619,575
	E commerce (Note 19)	235,454	51,263
	,	235,454	51,263
		24,395,753	17,960,424
22.	Other income		
22.	Other mediae		
		2024	2023
		MMK'000	MMK'000
	Interest income	121,647	100,109
	Miscellaneous receipt from market	140,028	171,481
		261,675	271,590

23. Expenses by nature

The total of cost of sales, general and administrative expenses, marketing expenses and finance expenses are as follows:

	2024 MMK'000	2023 MMK'000
Construction cost	10,569,568	6,533,257
Cost of right of self-construction	_	4,088,660
Service charges for rental (Note 6)	427,332	347,049
E commerce charges	212,274	49,760
Depreciation and amortization	1,002,553	758,286
Professional fees	60,453	41,000
Audit fees	30,200	32,193
Miscellaneous	647,835	392,704
Salary & benefit	903,185	733,459
Key management personnel and director remuneration	,	,,,,,,,
{Note 27 (c)}	177,339	159,398
Honorarium fees {Note 27 (c)}	66,000	39,000
Director bonus {Note 27 (c)}	40,000	42,000
Securities service fee	195,613	163,976
Utilities	125,908	122,521
Insurance	50,443	57,287
Marketing & promotion	125,233	18,945
Listing cost	321,809	35,548
Exchange gain	(2,253)	(21,561)
Finance expenses	475,838	10,709
Other taxes	_	22,201
Gain on disposal	(1,617)	
	15,427,713	13,626,392

24. Dividend

	2024	2023
Number of shares (in thousands) Dividend per share (MMK)	23,804,946 120	21,640,860 120
Total (Kyat in thousands)	2,856,593	2,596,903

The Company declared a dividend of 120 kyat per share for the 2022-2023 financial year at the 7th Annual General Meeting.

25. Significant commitments and obligations

The Company has appointed DIL as its main construction- contractor in order that the terms and conditions of tender para 5(A) 16 could be fulfilled. The Company has signed a contract of land lease on 22 March 2016 to pay the following benefits:

1. Contract with YCDC

The Company has executed land lease agreement with the following rights:

- To give to YCDC 20% of 200 shop house to which 40 (shop house including large broker house, living quarters, offices);
- After the business has started, to pay an amount equal to 25% of profit before tax from rents and sales of the remaining 80% of shop houses, shops, medium-sized wholesale shops and gasoline shops.

2. Contract with DIL

- (a) The Company has contracted DIL to construct of Danyingone Wholesale Market in order to fulfill the terms and conditions of tender para 5(A) 16;
- (b) The Company has signed agreements with DIL to set off its contributions, 45% of second right issue 450,000 shares and 35,000 of public offering 500,000 shares, against cost of Danyingone Wholesale Market construction on 31 October 2016 and 30 March 2017 respectively.

26. Earnings per share

	2024	2023
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company		
(Kyat in thousands)	5,748,495	2,687,740
Total number of common shares outstanding as on reporting		
date (in thousands)	23,805	21,640
Basic earnings per share (Kyat per share)	241	124
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company		
(Kyat in thousands)	5,748,495	2,687,740
The sum of the weighted average number of shares		
outstanding and dilutive shares (in thousands)	23,444	21,640
Diluted earnings per share (Kyat per share)	245	124
-		

27. Related party transactions

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following transactions took place between the Company and the related parties at terms agreed between the parties;

(a) Sales and purchases of goods and services	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2024 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2024 MMK'000
Advance construction contract – DIL (Note 13) Advance construction contract – DCL (Note 13) Payable construction contract - DIL (Note 17) Advance received (Note 18 & 21)	9,907,231 895,500 3,327,931 479,050	11,730,516 - 3,962,459 226,550
	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2023 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2023 MMK'000
Advance construction contract – DIL (Note 13) Advance construction contract – DCL (Note 13) Payable construction contract - DIL (Note 17) Shop house sales to director and executive officer (Note 10)	1,047,990 895,500 327,632	1,838,284 895,500 656,357 91,337
(b) Other	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2024 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2024 MMK'000
Meter bill paid on behalf of DIL (Note 10) Insurance for shop house (Note 13)	1,586 10,000	4,445 5,000
	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2023 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2023 MMK'000
Meter bill paid on behalf of DIL (Note 10) Insurance for shop house (Note 13)	362	2,908

27. Related party transactions (continued)

(c) Key management personnel and director remuneration

	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2024 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2024 MMK'000
Remuneration (Note 23) Honorarium fees (Note 23 & 17) Director bonus (Note 23)	177,339 66,000 40,000	9,600 —
	Transactions value for the year ended 31 March 2023 MMK'000	Balance outstanding as at 31 March 2023 MMK'000
Remuneration (Note 23) Honorarium fees (Note 23 & 17) Director bonus (Note 23)	159,398 39,000 42,000	3,000 -

(d) Agreement between related parties (Note 25.2)

DIL was selected as the major contractor as it was awarded the winner by Tender Selection Committee of Yangon Region Government among other tender bidders' participants to develop and manage Danyingone project.

28. Authorization of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024 were authorized for issue, in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, on 21 June 2024.